

Grade Levels:

6-8

Subject Areas:

Biology, Botany, Environmental Science, Marine Biology

Duration:

6-8 weeks, 1-2 hours initially, 5-10 minutes per day thereafter

Skills:

Problem solving, organizing, interpreting, communicating information

Effect of Temperature On Wild Celery Growth

(Between Tank Experiment)

Summary

Will changing the temperature of the growth chambers affect the Wild Celery plants' growth? Students set up two chambers with different temperatures and measure the plants to compare their growth over the duration of the project.

Maryland State Assessment Outcomes

Nature of Science: Students will demonstrate the ability to interpret and explain information generated by their exploration of scientific phenomena.

<u>Processes of Science</u>: Students will demonstrate the ability to employ the language, instruments, methods, and materials of science for collecting, organizing, interpreting, and communicating information.

<u>Math - Statistics</u>: Collect, organize, and display data

Maryland State Assessment Indicators

<u>Nature of Science</u>: Generate a consensus based on data.

<u>Processes of Science</u>: Demonstrate the following: controlling variables, conducting an experiment, and drawing conclusions. Communicate experimental procedures and findings orally and in writing.

<u>Math - Statistics</u>: Collect, organize, display, and interpret data for a given situation using appropriate displays. Use data analysis to write an evaluative argument in a real life situation.

Materials

Per class/group of several classes:

One "Bay Grasses in Classes" standard growth kit

Making Connections

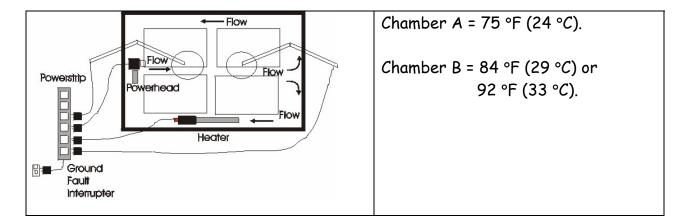
You are growing bay grass to plant in the Chesapeake Bay to restore habitat for many bay creatures. Temperature varies throughout the year. You will simulate the growing conditions of the Chesapeake Bay in growth chambers and determine which is the best temperature for growing wild celery.

Background

Refer to the *Vallisneria americana* Fact Sheet Lesson for background information about wild celery. Visit the Bay Grasses in Classes website at http://www.dnr.maryland.gov/bay/sav/bgic/ for additional background information.

Procedure

Set up the Bay Grasses in Classes growth chambers as instructed in the protocol, labeling one chamber "A". This chamber will have the heater set at 75 °F (24 °C). Label the other chamber "B" and set up the heater for 84 °F (29 °C) or 92 °F (33 °C). See diagram below.



Record the growth of the wild celery weekly on the Data Log(Page 20 in protocol). Follow the protocol directions for all other procedures (water addition, and water quality tests).

**The teacher should fill out the "Experiment Diagram and Growth Chamber Set-up" form and the "Initial Water Quality Data" form(pages 19 and 21 in protocol) and fax it to DNR at the time that you set up the chambers.

** To submit data each week, teachers should go to the on-line data entry page at http://mddnr.chesapeakebay.net/bgic/loginindex.cfm. If there are any problems with entering your data on-line, please fax your data sheet to Maryland DNR at 410-260-8859.

Assessment/Evaluation

1) Students should complete the Pre-lab and Post-lab Activities included in this binder. Students will compare the growth rates of the wild celery plants in the two chambers by creating a line graph of their data. Students will also draw a conclusion of their experiment.

Wild Celery Data Log for Temperature Experiments

School:				Teacher:	_ Teacher:			
Grade/Class:					_ Week# 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 (Week I = when germination is <u>first</u> noticed)			
Experiment T	ype: Te	mperatur	e					
Chamber Type: (circle one) 75°F / 24°C				84°F / 29°C		92°I	F/33°C	
(black ink onl	y please,)						
				Daily Monitorii	ng			
Date (month/day)			Water Depth (fill to 6 ½'')		Light Height (should be 10") (Date plan		Comments nts first visible, heavy algal growth)	
Monday								
Tuesday								
Wednesday								
Thursday								
Friday			I		l			
Average Temp:								
'		1	Ţ	Weekly Monitor	ing			
Date				pН		Nitrate (ppm)		
		ant in Tray 2 (cm)	Tray 2 Tallest Plant in Tray (cm)		Plant in Tray 4 (cm)	Average Plant Height (cm)		
NOTE: Plea				stem to enter your ark Lewandowski 4			s the internet, fax this week.	